Caribou Riverfront Renaissance Committee January 30, 2024 6:00 pm

1.	Call Meeting to Order	Pages
	 Determine Quorum Disclosure of any Conflicts of Interest 	
2.	Approval of Minutes • September 12, 2023 Meeting	02-03
3.	Public Hearing • Diesel Plant project "Analysis of Brownfields Cleanup Alternatives" (ABCA)	04-11
4.	New Business • EPA Brownfields Grant Community Outreach Plan	12-13
5.	Old Business • DOT Draft Letter – Mark Draper • Sample RFPS – Ken Murchison	
6.	 Staff Report Progress updates on EPA Brownfields Clean Up of diesel plant CERCLA action regarding steam plant Progress updates on NBRC Riverfront project Progress updates on DOT VPI project 	
7.	Set Next Meeting	
8.	Adjournment	



City of Caribou, Maine

Municipal Building
25 High Street
Caribou, ME 04736
Telephone (207) 493-3324
Fax (207 498-3954
www.cariboumaine.org

Caribou Riverfront Renaissance Committee Meeting Minutes Tuesday, September 12, 2023 @ 6:00 pm City Council Chambers

Members Present: Mark Draper, Andrea Flannery, Christina Kane-Gibson, Dave Belyea, Melinda Barnard, Lou Willey, Council Liaison, Penny Thompson, Staff, Gary Marquis, Staff, Karen Gorman, Staff. **Others in Attendance:** Jan Murchison, Ken Murchison, Dan Bagley Melissa Lizotte, BDN/AR, and Cassidy Flannery.

I. Call Meeting to Order, Determine Quorum, disclosure of conflicts of interest Chairperson Mark Draper called the meeting to order at 6:00 pm, all were present with no conflicts of interest

II. Approval of Minutes

III. New Business

• EPA Brownfields Grant awarded (Diesel Plant, outbuildings)

\$900,000

• Northern Border Regional Commission (NBRC) – master plan, buildings

\$472,550

- EPA CERCLA Action more information to come
- Develop an action plan for the CRRC

IV. Old Business

- Maine Northern Railroad An Action Plan for outreach:
 - letters concerning the process were in the packets. Ken recommended sending outreach letters to Northern Maine Railroad to nicely say that billions are being spent in southern Maine; starch plant property is holding up the train tracks; rails to trails, and send copies of the letter to Tim Guerrette, and Troy Jackson.
 - What is the time frame with Loring and when we have grant feasibility?
 - Have a letter from chair Mark Draper on behalf of CRRC.
 - There is a councilor in Presque Isle who is interested in the process of recreational trails.
 - Clarification of the time frame is needed on the letter.
 - Check on an Appeal Process for the decision.
 - Great things are happening right now with DECD, Economic Development, and EPA
- Riverfront property owner outreach
 - Outreach Ideas
 - Restaurant Tent Cards
 - Post cards
 - Chamber
 - WAGM
 - YouTube
- 2024 Comprehensive Plan
- Next workshop: September 28 @ 6pm "Public Facilities & Services"
- Community-wide visioning meeting October 26 @ 6pm Wellness Center

V. Staff Report

- Power point of various Brownfields conference sessions that will inspire our Riverfront.
 - o Informative educational sessions
 - o Inspiring keynote speakers
 - o Great connections with the Detroit Riverfront Conservancy
- Karen and Penny gave their 'Perfect Pitch" presentation.
 - o Won the "Perfect Pitch" competition in Detroit detailing the Riverfront Power Plants Site

VI. Set Next Meeting

• It was discussed and decided to conduct the next meeting on October 17, and meetings will be held on the 3rd Tuesday of the month.

VII. Adjournment

• Motion by Christina Kane-Gibson to adjourn, all in favor.

Meeting Adjourned 7:48 pm.

Respectfully Submitted,

Christina Kane-Gibson Secretary, Riverfront Renaissance Committee

CKG/JK



County Environmental Engineering, Inc.

November 15, 2022

Penny Thompson City of Caribou 25 High Street Caribou, Maine 04736

Re: Draft Analysis of Brownfields Cleanup Alternatives

Caribou Diesel Electric Power Plant and Associated Outbuildings

142 Lower Lyndon Street, Caribou, Maine

Dear Penny:

This draft analysis of Brownfields cleanup alternatives (ABCA) was prepared for the Caribou Diesel Electric Power Plant and Associated Outbuildings (Site) located at 142 Lower Lyndon Street in Caribou, Maine. The purpose of this ABCA is to evaluate remedial alternatives for waste oil, hazardous substances, asbestos-containing materials (ACM), lead-based paint (LBP), universal and hazardous waste at the Site. Remedial alternatives evaluated for waste oil and hazardous substances include No Action and Removal. Remedial alternatives evaluated for ACM, LBP, universal and hazardous waste include No Action and Abatement.

Site Location and History

As shown on the attached Location Map (Figure 1), the Site is located on the west side of the Aroostook River near the historic Caribou dam (circa 1889). As shown on the attached Site Map (Figure 2), the Site (3.2 acres) is developed with a 12,200-square foot diesel plant, diesel pump house, oil tank building, north storage building, oil storage building, pump station, and south storage building. The total building footprint at the Site is approximately 17,300 square feet. The surrounding area consists of an abandoned steam electric power plant, abandoned bulk plant, active electrical switch station, inactive hydroelectric plant, and former municipal water filter plant.

The diesel plant was constructed in 1949 and operated by Maine Public Service (1943 – 1999) and PDI New England (1999 – 2013). The diesel plant was deactivated in 2012 and the Site was acquired by Merlin One in 2013. The Site has been vacant for several years and the buildings are in poor repair. The City of Caribou acquired the Site in 2019 through automatic lien foreclosure. City efforts to secure the Site and repeated patrols have not deterred trespassers from vandalism and other criminal activities.

Previous Environmental Investigations

A Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) was completed at the Site on August 5, 2021. Recognized environmental conditions identified in the Phase I ESA include: fossil fuel electric power generation; bulk plant; polychlorinated biphenyls; significant diesel releases; discharge outfalls; underground storage tanks; tanks, drums and oil-filled operational equipment; pesticide release; and railroad tracks. A Phase II ESA was completed at the Site on May 14, 2022. Sixteen soil samples, six groundwater samples and three porewater samples were collected at the Site and surrounding area for the Phase II ESA. Petroleum and hazardous substances were detected in site soils, but below regulatory guidelines.

A hazardous building materials survey was completed at the Site on May 8, 2022. As summarized on the tables below, approximately 11,320 gallons of waste oil and hazardous substances were inventoried at the Site, including stored diesel, lube oil, waste oil, waste oil-contaminated water, sludge, antifreeze, degreaser/solvent, and water treatment chemicals.

Diesel Plant Tanks, Drums and Containers				
Description	Contents	Size	Quantity	
Diesel Plant Used Oil Tank	waste oil	275 gal	275 gal	
Diesel Plant Unit #2 Day Tank	diesel	320 gal	320 gal	
Diesel Plant Unit #3 Day Tank	diesel	320 gal	320 gal	
Diesel Plant Unit #4 Day Tank	diesel	230 gal	230 gal	
Diesel Plant Unit #5 Day Tank	diesel	320 gal	320 gal	
Engine Lube Oil System Unit #2	lube oil	1,375 gal	1,375 gal	
Engine Lube Oil System Unit #3	lube oil	1,375 gal	1,375 gal	
Engine Lube Oil System Unit #4	lube oil	550 gal	550 gal	
Engine Lube Oil System Unit #5	lube oil	550 gal	550 gal	
Oil/Water Separator	waste oil/water/sludge	unknown	~100 gal	
Dirty Oil Tank	waste oil	1,000 gal	1,000 gal	
Clean Oil Tank	waste oil	1,800 gal	1,800 gal	
Waste Oil Drums (6) and pails	waste oil	55 gal	~350 gal	
Chemical Drums (6)	water treatment	55 gal	~350 gal	
Miscellaneous Drums (3)	antifreeze, lube oil	55 gal	~100 gal	
Empty Drums (5)	transformer oil, unknown	55 gal	residual	

Oil Storage Building Drums				
Description	Contents	Size	Contents	
Waste Oil Drums (19)	waste oil	55 gal	~1,000 gal	
Anti-Freeze Drums (18)	antifreeze	55 gal	~1,000 gal	
Miscellaneous Drum (1)	degreaser/solvent	55 gal	55 gal	
Empty Drums (31)	unknown	55 gal	residual	

Oil Tank Building Tank				
Description	Contents	Size	Quantity	
Tank #4, ~6 inches of product	diesel	15,000 gal	~250 gal	

As summarized on the tables below, ACM (\geq 1% asbestos) was identified at the Site in roofing (12,500 square feet), window glaze (1,600 square feet), floor tile and mastic (600 square feet), and stored material (white board insulation). Electrical wire coating and gaskets were presumed positive for asbestos.

Diesel Plant Asbestos-Containing Building Materials			
Description	Est. Quantity	Location	Sample ID
ACM black roof material	12,200 square feet	Roof (tar and gravel)	TGR29, TGR30
ACM window glazing	1,400 square feet	Exterior windows	WG26
ACM black floor tile with ACM black mastic	600 square feet	Second floor lab, file room and hallway	FT24A
ACM gaskets	not quantified	Piping connections, stored material	presume positive
ACM electrical wire coating	not quantified	Electrical wiring	presume positive

Diesel Pump House Asbestos-Containing Building Materials			
Description	Est. Quantity	Location	Sample ID
ACM black roof material	270 square feet	Roof (tar and gravel)	TGR19B

South Storage Building Asbestos-Containing Materials			
Description	Est. Quantity	Location	Sample ID
ACM white board insulation	not quantified	Stored material	WBI16

Pump Station, Oil Storage Building and North Storage Building			
Asbestos-Containing Building Materials Description Est. Quantity Location Sample ID			
ACM window glazing*	200 square feet	Exterior windows	WG21A

^{*}Trace asbestos (<1% asbestos) was detected in window caulk at the pump station.

Limited areas with lead-based paint (LBP) were identified at the diesel plant (black/yellow pipe, gray window frame and yellow exterior strip), oil storage building (MSDS box) and north storage building (gray door). Universal and hazardous waste was identified at the Site, including mercury-containing fixtures and components, UPS batteries (75) at the diesel plant, potential lead-containing glass block windows at the diesel plant (500 square feet) and diesel pump house (75 square feet), potential PCB-containing ballasts, and e-waste. Waste oil, hazardous substances, ACM, universal and hazardous waste at the Site represent a material threat of a future release and pose a substantial risk to human health and the environment due to vandalism and proximity to the Aroostook River.

Evaluation of Remedial Alternatives for Waste Oil and Hazardous Substances

The cleanup goal for the Site in regards to waste oil and hazardous substances is to eliminate the risk of a release to the environment. The primary routes of contaminant migration include surface flow and floor drains in the diesel plant with discharge outfalls at the Aroostook River. Potential exposure routes include dermal contact and inhalation of vapors. Potential receptors include future site workers and the Aroostook River.

No Action Alternative

The Site would remain unchanged with the No Action alternative. The No Action alternative is not protective of human health or the environment. The potential for a release to the environment would continue to exist at the Site and the resilience to address potential adverse impacts caused by extreme weather events would remain unchanged. The No Action alternative is not consistent with the cleanup goal for waste oil and hazardous substances at the Site.

Removal Alternative

All waste oil and hazardous substances at the Site would be removed for off-site disposal by a Maine licensed Hazardous Waste Transporter under the Removal alternative. Waste oil will require field testing and possibly further analysis for hazardous waste characteristics. All waste oil and hazardous substances will be properly removed, transported and disposed in accordance with state and federal regulations, including OSHA Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Management Standards and Maine Waste Oil Management Rules.

Cleanup planning and on-site oversight will be provided by a Qualified Environmental Professional (QEP). The Removal alternative provides adequate protection of human health and the environment. The resilience to address potential adverse impacts caused by extreme weather events would be greatly improved. The Removal alternative would meet the cleanup goal for waste oil and hazardous substances at the Site. The cost for the Removal alternative is \$70,000 if waste oil meets state specifications or \$120,000 if waste oil is contaminated with solvents.

Evaluation of Remedial Alternatives for ACM, LBP, Universal and Hazardous Waste

The cleanup goal for the Site in regards to ACM, LBP, universal and hazardous waste is to eliminate the risk of human contact to asbestos, mercury, lead, PCBs and other hazardous materials. The primary route of contaminant migration is release into the air, buildings or environment by disturbance of ACM, LBP, universal and hazardous waste. Potential exposure routes include direct contact, ingestion and inhalation of vapors and asbestos fibers. Potential receptors include future site workers and the Aroostook River.

No Action Alternative

The Site would remain unchanged with the No Action alternative. The No Action alternative is not protective of human health or the environment. The potential for exposure to asbestos mercury, lead, PCBs and other hazardous materials would continue to exist at the Site and the resilience to address potential adverse impacts caused by extreme weather events would remain unchanged. The No Action alternative is not consistent with the cleanup goal for ACM, LBP, universal and hazardous waste at the Site.

Abatement Alternative

All ACM, LBP, universal and hazardous waste at the site will be removed for off-site disposal by a Maine licensed Asbestos Abatement Contractor, Hazardous Waste Transporter and/or demolition contractor, as necessary, under the Abatement alternative. Removal of the asbestos roofing at the diesel plant and diesel pump house requires demolition of these structures due to the poor condition of the buildings, quantity (12,500 square feet) and type of roofing system (flat tar and gravel roof).

Encapsulation (covering) or removal and replacement (patching) of asbestos roofing at the diesel plant and diesel pump house are not feasible options due to the existing structural damage of the roofing systems at these structures. All ACM, LBP, universal waste, hazardous waste, and demolition debris will be properly removed, transported and disposed in accordance with OSHA General and Construction Standards, Maine Asbestos Management Regulations, Universal Waste and Solid Waste Management Rules.

Cleanup planning and on-site oversight will be provided by a QEP. Impacts to the adjacent electrical switch station owned by Versant Power may be necessary to conduct cleanup at the diesel plant and diesel pump house. The QEP will coordinate all cleanup planning and remedial activities with adjacent property owners and secure all necessary permits, permissions and approvals to work near the electrical switch station. The Abatement alternative provides adequate protection of human health and the environment. The resilience to address potential adverse impacts caused by extreme weather events would be greatly improved.

The Abatement alternative would meet the cleanup goal for identified ACM, LBP, universal and hazardous waste at the Site. The cost for the Abatement alternative is \$685,000 to remove the ACM roofing (\$145,000), window glaze (\$55,000), floor tile/mastic (\$25,000), stored material, electrical wire coating and gaskets (\$35,000), LBP, universal and hazardous waste (\$25,000), and demolish the diesel plant and diesel pump house (\$400,000).

Conclusion and Recommendations

Remedial alternatives evaluated for waste oil and hazardous substances at the Site include No Action and Removal. The Removal alternative would address the current risk of a release to the environment. The No Action alternative does not meet the cleanup goal for the Site in regards to waste oil and hazardous substances. We recommend the Removal alternative for waste oil and hazardous substances at the Site.

Remedial alternatives evaluated for ACM, LBP, universal and hazardous waste at the Site include No Action and Abatement. The Abatement alternative would address the current risk of exposure to asbestos, mercury, lead, PCBs and other hazardous materials. The No Action alternative does not meet the cleanup goal for the Site in regards to identified ACM, LBP, universal and hazardous waste. We recommend the Abatement alternative for ACM, LBP, universal and hazardous waste at the Site.

Draft Analysis of Brownfields Cleanup Alternatives Caribou Diesel Electric Power Plant and Associated Outbuildings, 142 Lower Lyndon Street, Caribou, Maine

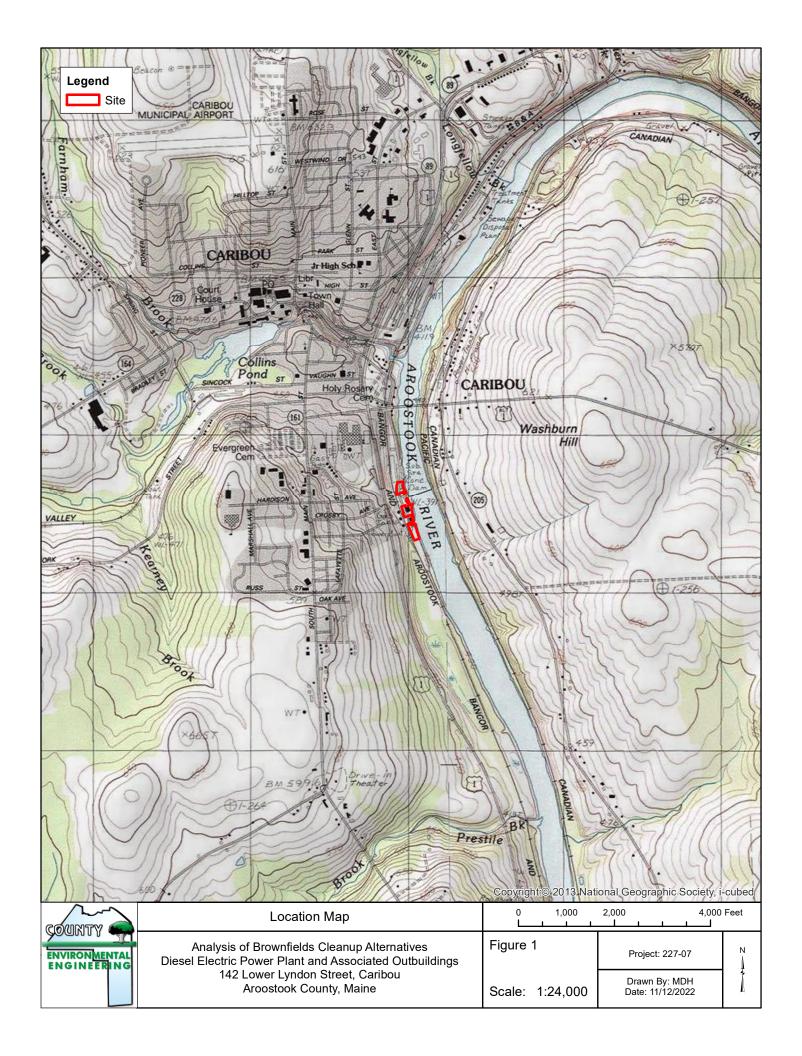
Thank you for the opportunity to offer our services on this project and please don't hesitate to contact us if you have any questions, comments or concerns.

Respectfully Submitted,

County Environmental Engineering, Inc.

Muchelle Hersey, PE, EG

President







County Environmental Engineering, Inc.

November 21, 2023

Penny Thompson City of Caribou 25 High Street Caribou, Maine 04736

Re: Community Relations Plan

Caribou Diesel Electric Power Plant and Associated Outbuildings

142 Lower Lyndon Street, Caribou, Maine

Dear Penny:

This community relations plan is for the cleanup and demolition of the Caribou diesel electric power plant and associated outbuildings located at 142 Lower Lyndon Street in Caribou, Maine. The Site (3.2 acres) is developed with a 12,200-square foot diesel plant, diesel pump house, oil tank building, north storage building, oil storage building, pump station, and south storage building. The surrounding area consists of an abandoned steam electric power plant, abandoned bulk plant, active electrical switch station, inactive hydroelectric plant, and former municipal water filter plant.

Approximately 11,320 gallons of waste oil and hazardous substances were inventoried at the Site, including diesel, lube oil, waste oil-contaminated water, sludge, antifreeze, degreaser/solvent, and water treatment chemicals. ACM (≥1% asbestos) was identified at the Site in roofing (12,500 square feet), window glaze (1,600 square feet), floor tile and mastic (600 square feet), and stored material (white board insulation). Removal of the asbestos roofing at the diesel plant and diesel pump house requires demolition of these structures due to the poor condition of the buildings, quantity and type of roofing.

Universal and hazardous waste was identified at the Site, including mercury-containing fixtures and components, UPS batteries (75) at the diesel plant, potential lead-containing glass block windows at the diesel plant (500 square feet) and diesel pump house (75 square feet), potential PCB-containing ballasts, and e-waste. Limited areas with LBP were identified at the diesel plant, oil storage building and north storage building. The purpose of this plan is to address any issues that may arise within the community during cleanup and demolition.

At least 30 days prior to site work, a public meeting will be held in the City of Caribou to present the Analysis of Brownfields Cleanup Alternatives (ABCA) for the Site. The ABCA should be made publicly available at the City of Caribou municipal office during normal business hours and/or posted on the city website. The public meeting should be advertised on the city website and/or local newspaper. All work at the Site will the coordinated with local government and municipalities.

Prior to site work, the abutting property owners should be notified of the proposed project dates and provided contact information for the City of Caribou, County Environmental Engineering, Inc., and Maine Department of Environmental Protection. During site work, all efforts will be made to protect the public from cleanup and demolition activities. Restricted areas will be clearly marked with signage, caution tape, traffic cones and/or jersey barriers. A site-specific health and safety plan should be prepared prior to site work and include emergency contact information for the Maine State Police, local fire department and nearest hospital.

Thank you for the opportunity to offer our services for this project and please don't hesitate to contact us if you have any questions or concerns.

Respectfully Submitted,

County Environmental Engineering, Inc.

Michelle Hersey, PE, LG

Michelle Hung

President